

# Global Crisis

- Each year, nations generate 1.3 billion tons of waste. That's expected to soar to 4 billion tons by 2100
- More than half the world's population does not have access to regular trash collection, a grim statistic given the amount of garbage produced globally.
- Some experts say the globe's trash troubles are at a crisis level



### Our Problems to Solve

- one of the most daunting issues facing the world is the mounting waste problem, which impairs public health, pollutes the environment and threatens to drown some poor countries in toxicity.
- The United States, China, Brazil, Japan and Germany are the leading trash generators.



### Our oceans need help

# • 8 Million tons of plastic is entering our ocean every year





Have you ever walked along a beautiful beach and been surprised to find a piece of plastic at your feet?



### Our mission

- Working with our partners to process MSW without polluting environment for using RST green energy gasifier
- Supply general public with electricity or steam/heat from industry standard RST gasifier
- Eliminate all landfills
- Together we can find solutions

# Waste management

#### • Landfill and Open Burning

- Requires large land, toxic leachate, methane and need manage 30 years
- Recovery and Recycling
  - Reduces amount of MSW but does not solve waste problem

### • Waste to Energy

- Incineration, moving grate
- Fluidized bed: Bubbling and Circulating
- Pyrolysis
- Plasma gasification
- Gasification

### Waste-to-Energy

 Waste-to-energy or energy-from-waste is the process of generating energy in the form of electricity and/or heat from the primary treatment of waste

• W2E is a form of energy recovery

# Terminology

- MSW: Municipal Solid Waste
- WTE: Waste to Energy
- Hopper: Giant Funnel
- Feedstock: MSW
- Tipping Fee: fee paid by anyone who disposes of waste
- Syngas: Synthetic Gas
- FRIT: Bottom Ash
- FERROUS METAL: Metals that are composed of Iron and have magnetic property

### RST Low Temperature Gasifier Technology

- Initial developmental operations began in 2003
- Received final air quality and operations permit in November 2009
- Permit: Fully permitted operational facility

### Patent: US 9,885,478 B1











# Types of Waste

• MSW





#### • Plastics

• Tires





#### • Plastic Straws

Sludge





#### • Styrofoam





# Scales—Tipping Fees(500 Ton/D)



## Tipping Floor(No Pretreatment No Presorting)

- Size of Gymnasium
- Enclosed
- Sloped Floor
- ID Fans aid in drying MSW and controls smell
- Heated Floor  $100^{\circ}$ - $140^{\circ}$ F
- Moisture <25% for best result
- Front Loader Churns and moves MSW/FUEL to Conveyor or
- Use crane to pick up and load MSW into hopper

### Conveyor to Hopper to Ram

- Conveyor transports MSW to Hopper (Giant Funnel)
- Hydraulic Ram constantly loads Gasifier (5 HP) 4'H x 5'W
- MSW passes through Gate to achieve Oxygen Deprived environment (1% O2)

HOPPER
MSW

### Rotary Gasifier

- 120ft long
- Sloped 4°
- Rotates at 2 RPM
- No external fuel source except at initial start up
- Time: 45 mins
- Temp ranges  $400^{\circ}F 850^{\circ}F$





3 Zones in Gasifier

• Zone 1—Heating/Drying

• Zone 2—Gasification/Golden Zone

• Zone 3—Cooling

Gasifier

### Gasifier Zone 1



#### Zone 1

- MSW enters gasifier
- Approximately 400 degrees
- MSW heats and dries
- Prepares MSW for Gasification

### Gasifier Zone 2/Golden Zone



#### Zone 2

- All Organics are reduced to Syngas including all paper, plastics, etc...
- 1,000 standard cubic feet (SCF) of syngas produced per pound of MSW
- Syngas Composition—Nitrogen, Hydrogen, Oxygen, Methane, Carbon Monoxide and Carbon Dioxide

### Raising the Calorific Value











• Our engineers will work with you to raise the Calorific Value of the MSW to reach the highest level possible

### Gasifier Zone 3



Zone 3

- Fresh air introduced
- Increases Syngas
- Assists Syngas in Reverse Flow
- Cools byproducts for exit from Gasifier

### Gasifier(No external Fuel)

- System is Reverse Flow—As MSW works down the Gasifier, Syngas works back up to front
- Syngas helps heat MSW—Then is extracted through the Hood



### **Recyclables Retrieval**



- Byproducts exit Gasifier onto Vibrating Screen Conveyor Belt
- Frit (7%) passes through screen into bin for recycle—Asphalt
- Ferrous Metals removed by Magnetic Wheel to Bin for recycle

### **Recyclables Retrieval**

Non-Ferrous Metals are handpicked and sorted for recycle



### **Recyclables Retrieval**



 Ceramics & Glass continue to crusher—Pulverized to Silicon Dust and collected in Bin for recycle—Concrete additive

- All materials are free of toxins and safe
- 100% Recyclable
- No landfill

### Syngas

- Reverse Flow allows Syngas to increase heat to 1800°F
- Syngas is ignited as it enters Boiler—This is the only Flame in the entire process
- RST patented technology allows combusted Syngas to reach 4200°F
- High temp destroys Syngas and 95% of toxins including Dioxins





# Scrubber

- Remaining Flue Gas moves to Scrubber
- Flue Gas is sprayed with Activated Carbon and Lime Slurry to remove Acidic Gasses and Heavy Metals
- Rapid cooling to 290° F prevents Dioxin reformation
- Uses 20,000 Gallons of water per day

### Baghouse



Bag House filters small particulates remaining in Flue Gas

Intermittent shaking allows Fly Ash to drop from Filters (Socks)

Fly Ash (2%) is deposited in Bin for recycle— Mixed with Frit for Asphalt



**FLUE GAS IN** 



# Flue Gas—Stack

- Flue Gas travels from Bag House to Stack
- Stack releases clean and cooled Flue Gas to the atmosphere
  - Constant Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS) assures our exhaust meets all EPA standards
  - Every 3 seconds digital update
  - Every 7 minutes paper read out

• 3.2ng/DSCM

# Money—Boiler Technology

- RST Patented Technology combusts Syngas to 4200°F using a controlled amount of Fresh Air and an Eternal Flame
- Boiler creates 7,000 Lbs of steam per ton of MSW
- Steam reaches 750°F at 750 psi
- The Steam powers the Turbine
- Turbine powers Generator
- Electricity is sold to Grid



### 500 Ton plant = 16 MW

#### • Can power 12,000 – 16,000 U.S. homes

# Tipping Fees(500 Ton plant)

- \$20 USD x 500tpd=\$10,000/Day
- \$10,000 x 335 days= \$3,350,000
  USD generated per year in
  Tipping Fees
- Money Out—Byproducts are 100% Recyclable



### Gold—500 Ton Per Day Plant

- 776kwh/t x 500t = 388,000 kwh per day
- 388,000 x .10 PPA = \$38,800 USD per day
- \$38,800 USD x 335 days of operation = \$12,998,000 USD per year
- \$12,998,000 + \$3,350,000 = \$16,348,000
- O&M = \$2,500,000 USD per year
- \$ 16,348,000 \$2,500,000 = \$13,848,000 USD Profit Per Year

### Total Revenue



#### +

• Profits from recyclables depending on MSW composition

### RST Package Includes(Scalability)

- RST Technology Rotary Gasifier
- RST Technology—Boiler Burner Control System
- RST Automated System Control
- Blueprints
- Drawings for Potential Plant Configurations

- Specs on all needed equipment
- Our team will work hand-inhand with your providers to assure Specs are met
- We also offer our I.T. team familiar with our process to assist with monitoring of data and storage for an extra fee

### Maintenance

- Maintenance is required biannually (2 times per year)
- Plant will be shut down for 8 days and 14 days to perform required maintenance
- Plant run time expectancy—90-92% (335 days)
- Refractory repair anticipated every 8 years

### Continued Support

#### **EPC RESPONSIBILITIES**

- EPC builds plant
- Installs technology
- Trains operators—stays for 1 year
- 1-time training at KY plant if needed
- EPC starts up plant when ready

#### **RST WARRANTY**

- 2-year warranty of gasification technology
- 1-year warranty on boiler technology
- Expected life of technology 20 years



- Produces 45% more electricity than any other WTE technology with comparable feedstock
- Feedstock requires no pretreatment or pre-sorting
- 100% recyclable byproducts—NO LANDFILL
- Small foot print—3-5 acres
- Requires <u>no fuel</u> other than MSW
- Scalability—Grows with your needs
- Meets Clients' needs to handle feedstock

QUESTIONS?